Analysis of data for the current register and housed applicants

Data	All households	Age	Disability	Gender	Ethnicity
Applicants must have both a local connection and a housing need to be included on the register.(local connection data)					
Live applicants (Total 1,885)	190 (10%) households assessed as having no local connection would be removed from the register.	Of the 190 households, a higher proportion (56%) of younger age groups (18-39) have no local connection compared with 48% of the total live applicants.	11% have a disability compared with 14% of the total live applicants.	No data available	78% are White British, 2% are Gypsy/Travellers, 7% are from other minority ethnic groups and 12% have not provided their ethnic origin.
Housed applicants (Total 430)	28 households (7%) assessed as having no local connection would be removed from the register.	A similar proportion (54%) of younger age groups (18-39) have no local connection compared with 54% of the total housed applicants.	7% have a disability compared with 8% of the total housed applicants	No data available	75% are White British, 14% are from minority ethnic groups and 11% have not provided their ethnic origin.
Applicants must have both a local connection and a housing need to be included on the register. (housing need data)					
Live applicants (Total 1,885)	560 (30%) households assessed as having no housing need (currently registered for local connection only) would be removed from the register.	Younger and older age groups appear to be similarly affected: 41% aged 18-39; 21% aged 40-49; 14% aged 50-59; 24% aged 60+. Compared with 48% aged 18-39; 17% aged 40-49; 12% aged 50-59; 22% aged 60+ of the total live applicants.	3% have a disability compared with 14% of the total live applicants. .	No data available	84% are White British, 0.4% are Gypsy/Travellers, 7% are from other minority ethnic groups and 9% have not provided their ethnic origin.
Housed applicants (Total 430)	15 (3%) households assessed as having no housing need (currently registered for local connection only) would be removed from the register.	A higher proportion (53%) of those aged over 60 have no housing need compared with 20% of the total housed applicants.	27% have a disability compared with 8% of the total housed applicants	No data available	87% are White British, 7% are Gypsy/Travellers and 7% have not provided their ethnic origin.
Applicants with a local connection will include members of the Armed Forces or former Service personnel within 5 years of discharge (or bereaved spouses or civil partners of such members), or serving or former members of the Reserve Forces who need to move because of a serious injury, medical condition or disability sustained as a result of their service.					
Applicants with a housing need will include private sector assured tenants who are threatened with homelessness because they have been serviced with a valid notice to quit their tenancy (usually at least 2 months).					
Applicants with a housing need will include tenants occupying HM Forces service family accommodation who are threatened with homelessness					

Analysis of data for the current register and housed applicants

Data	All households	Age	Disability	Gender	Ethnicity
because they have been serviced with a valid notice to quit their tenancy (usually at least 3 months).					
These are new categories under the Allocations Scheme and as such there is no existing data to analyse.					
The revised scheme will be based on priority bands (rather than a combination of bands and points). Households will be placed in the appropriate band according to their highest need (not the accumulation of their needs)					
Live applicants (Total 1,885)	Of the 63 applicants in Band A, 6 (10%) households would be down banded from band A to band B. Of the 153 applicants in band B, 1 household would be down banded from band B to band C.	All 6 households that would be down banded to band B are aged over 60. The 1 household that would be down banded to band C is aged over 60.		No data available	No data available
Housed applicants (Total 430)	Of the 42 applicants in Band A, 6 (14%) households would be down banded from band A to band B. Of the 162 applicants in Band B, 2 (1%) households would be down banded from band B to band C.	2 households that would be down banded to band B are aged over 60. 2 households that would be down banded to Band C are aged over 60.	2 households that would be down banded have high medical / welfare priority.	No data available	No data available
Reduce the range of priority on medical and welfare grounds from four to three categories.					
Live applicants (Total 1,885)	58 (3%) households would be down banded from band C to band D.	29 (50%) of the households that would be down banded to band D are aged over 60.	8 (14%) of the households that would be down banded to band D have a disability.	No data available	77% are White British, 2% are from other ethnic groups and 21% have not provided their ethnic origin.
Housed applicants (Total 430)	11 households (3%) would be down banded from band C to band D.	7 (64%) of the households that would be down banded to band D are aged over 60.	1 (9%) of the households that would be down banded to band D have a disability.	No data available	73% are White British and 27% have not provided their ethnic origin.
The priority bands will take account of under-occupation as well as housing need.					

Analysis of data for the current register and housed applicants

Data	All households	Age	Disability	Gender	Ethnicity
No data available					
Additional preference will be awarded by placing applicants in the band that is one band higher than their assessed need. This applies only to serving or former members of the armed forces or reserve forces, or their bereaved spouses or civil partners.					
This is a new category under the Allocations Scheme and as such there is no existing data to analyse					
Additional priority based on 'community contribution' will not be awarded, because of the practical difficulties in making an assessment.					
This criteria will not be included as part of the Allocations Scheme and as such there is no existing data to analyse.					
Children of the opposite sex will be expected to share a bedroom until the oldest is 10 years of age.					
No data available.					
The housing needs panel will replace the medical and welfare panel					
No data available.					

Note that information about the following characteristics is not required to establish eligibility for the current housing register and is therefore not collected:

- Carers
- Religion/Belief
- Sexual Orientation
- Marriage / Civil Partnership Status
- Pregnancy and maternity
- Gender reassignment